

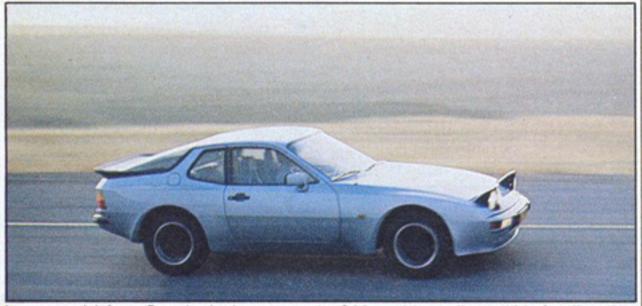


FAST IS FUN



Fast cars are fun: that's the motivation behind our comparative test of the two fastest cars built in this country, the Alfa GTV6 and the BMW 535i. But, as you'll find when you read our report, speed is about the only thing they have in common: they're designed for different kinds of people. . . Page 66

PORSCHE LOGISTICS



Latest model from Porsche is the spectacular 944 — with an all-new "big-four" engine and an amazing spectrum of performance capabilities. First full Road Test in this issue!

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NEW-STYLE COROLLA

2



Latest member of the best-selling Toyota P-171 Corolla family is the station wagon: a 1,6-litre, five-speed model with strong family appeal — and no rattles! Full Road Test in this issue.

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NEW MODELS

| _ | | | | | | - |
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COMPARATIVE TEST

ALFAGTV 6 AND BMW 535i

We don't see them as alternatives so much as divergent ideals. But if they were, what a choice to spend time on....

the main motivation behind this off-beat comparative test, Alfa-Romeo assessing the GTV6 alongside the BMW 535i. It's off-beat because its format breaks the guidelines set for these reports when we started comparative testing in TECH-NICAR in 1975.

We decided then that the cars had to be priced fairly closely and of similar type, competing for the same slice of the market; and viewed in this way, our Alfa-BMW project would be a non-starter,

FAST cars are fun: and that's because how could you pit a R23 500 2,5-litre sports coupé like the Veloce "six" against a 3,5-litre four-door sports sedan costing R4 000 more?

> You couldn't. But on the other hand they are the two fastest cars built in South Africa and despite the big difference in engine capacity, they've been locked in battle on local race tracks throughout the past year.

It would obviously be fun to test them alongside each other, and we felt that the

contrasting concepts of a high performance car might work to our advantage: it should throw each of them into clear perspective.

So that's our aim and this particular test has to be viewed in this light. It's not Alfa versus BMW - which would be grossly unfair; it's two different approaches to fast motoring, developed for different types of enthusiast. Just this once, the prices are incidental.

First, let's examine their fact that they represented such backgrounds, then look at the

engineering, which represents some of the best that Germany and Italy have to offer, embodying the national characteristics of Italian flair and German efficiency.

Both cars represent a flagship, high performance development of an established model range. The sleek, road hugging GTVs have established a phenomenal reputation as ultra rapid sports cars with fantastic handling - which has frequently enabled them to oust more powerful cars from

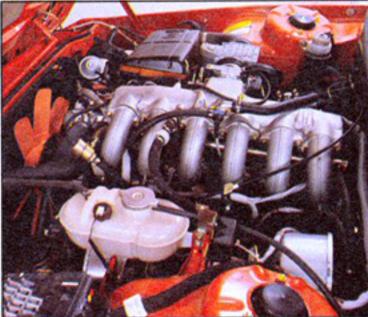
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The BMW 535i fascia is among the best planned of modern cars - co-ordinated and functional - but that small, thick rimmed racing wheel (from the M1) spoils the driver's view of some instruments. The Recaro seats (below, left) are superb and the race-bred fuel-injected 3,5-litre straight-six (right) is as used in the 735i, developing 160 kW at 5 200 r/min with 310 N.m of torque available at 4 000 r/min.





ling and executive style comfort.

Any enthusiast knows that you can't compare sports cars on a basis of performance figures alone. It's the pleaand satisfaction they yield to the driver that counts most and while one man gets his kicks from non-ball acceleration, another would prefer optimum balance, response and faster cornering - which might make a "slower" car just as quick and twice as fun, for him, over a twisty route.

Significantly better tune

But, for the record, the 535i with sports gearbox scorches from 0 to 100 in just 7,9 seconds (see tables) and this figure, and the 220 km/h top speed, are so far ahead of the figures recorded on our previous test a year earlier that they cannot be acbetter tune. . .

With a power to mass ratio requires catching. . . of 97,2 W/kg, and a litre less muscle under the bonnet, the really GTV certainly can't match figures like these; but its 0-100 and it burns a lot less fuel unschooled abandon, provided is the noise: a deep burble

km/h, its consumption is only tain control. The BMW, on 7,83 litres/100 km - 24 per the other hand, would cent below the figure for the risky: it requires a judicious BMW.

which the two cars run closely coupled over a varied route, when motoring fast. sharing the same conditions and recording the same times, confirmed the substantial gap in consumption, with the Alfa recording 8,8 litres/100 km lish a blood bond with the and the BMW, 13,8.

Let's move on to their characters. In truncated definitions, the Alfa is an excitable, super responsive sports car, while the BMW is a compact, hyper-powered express, fitted with luxury trimmings even central locking — and with room for a family. While they are both easy to drive, the BMW requires much more expertise when you're really pressing, because its tremen- to smell hot engine oil. You counted for by the gearing dous power can break out the don't, but if you did, you'd change alone. The latest car rear end fairly easily, parti- accept it along with the raking must have been in significantly cularly on a wet road, and if glass overhead (which can be a

select a If you had to for fast car novice, the Alfa would be a pay for what this car has to sound choice, because it can offer. km/h time is only 10,8 seconds be hurled round corners with

achieving it: at a steady 100 you keep your nerve and mainfoot on the throttle, which Our 100 km fuel run, in becomes a vital balancing element in the cornering process,

Blood bond with driver

Perhaps the dominant virtue, in the GTV, is the hardest to describe. It seems to estabdriver, so that as you weave and snort through the corners, you feel motor, transmission and tyres working in feed-back pulses. That gives a deep, gut sense of satisfaction that livens up your life. . .

It seems to flow across the tarmac like some low slung mechanical leopard, imparting an incredible sense of balance and clinging power, but still so classically rorty, you expect it's overdone, the car then little trying on a hot day), the shortage of head room and the cramped rear seats: a it's an insignificant price to

And among the pleasures

on start-up, rising to an eager snarl with each blip on the throttle and settling to a throaty rasp at cruising revs.

Rakish, low and superbly styled, the GTV has uncompromising two-plus-two seating and an interior that is a cross between an Italian fighter aircraft and the classic racers that Fangio used to drive, brought partially up to date. The instrument layout is comprehensive but individual, with a 240 km/h speedo visible through the wood rimmed wheel (which can become slippery), a big rev-counter binnacled separately, along with sundry gauges and warning lights, over to the left and that curved green fan switch governing a ventilation/heating system which is not the most efficient around but does a reasonable job.

Floppy gearchange

The wooden, pear shaped gear knob falls comfortably to hand, the pedals are beautifully spaced/shaped but the gearchange requires knowing and responds to skill. At first, it's loose, almost floppy as you explore the linkage to that remotely mounted box; but once you develop the light, scooping motions and are used to the twin-plate clutch which has its action at the top, you obtain precise, quick cog swops with a sense of satisfaction.

If the Alfa suggests a leopard, the BMW is a charging bull - but a bull with unobtrusive refinement and impeccable manners. Driven with aplomb and the required degree of skill, it responds with predictable discipline; with restraint, it's so docile the wife would never guess at the fury lurking underneath the bonnet.

Although 5 Series styling and wolfish grille hint at sporting capabilities, underlined by the low stance and fat tyres, the only overt clue to the blistering performance comes from a modest but potent model tag at each end of the car, prefaced by M (for Motorsport) and the company's racing colours.

It has the Recaro seats, sophisticated air-conditioning, programmable mo-fi and elec-_ tronic service indicator and active check control found on other top flight BMWs. But one item that seems oddly

Continued on page 71

TESTER'S COMMENTS

Body styling, design and finish

Completely contrasting. BMW has standard 5 Series four-door bodyshell and only sign of its explosive performance is the neat model tag at each end, prefaced by M (for Motorsport) and the company's racing colours. The Alfa is a low, rakish and superbly streamlined two-door sports coupé with two-plus-two seating and exotic appeal. Both cars are fitted with expensive imported alloy wheels and low profile, wide section imported radial tyres.

Minor collision protection

Alfa has deformable padded plastic bumpers and heavy side protective mouldings. BMW has fully padded steel wrap-round bumpers and protective side mouldings.

Boot design and size Alfa's 340 dm³ boot accessible through rear hatch, supported by centre strut beneath security cover which forms wide parcel shelf when down. BMW's 440 dm³ boot is deep and unobstructed and can be locked by the central locking system or separately, with the key.

Seating, upholstery and access

Alfa has fully reclining sports type bucket seats in front and shaped rear seats, upholstered in high quality material and providing excellent support. Front seats fold for rear seat access. BMW has exceptional Recaro seats in front and unusually comfortable rear bench with easy access through wide doors.

Dashboard design Alfa's fascia is unusual: unco-ordinated, at first glance — a mixture of classic tradition and modern instrumentation which will please Alfisti. The BMW has a revised, highly co-ordinated treatment incorporating—active check panel (in the roof), a service interval indicator and fuel consumption indicator. Alfa's instruments include 240 km/h speedo, 7 500 r/min tachometer red-lined at 6 000, oil pressure, water temperature and fuel gauges, digital clock, and warning lights for turn indicators (one!), handbrake, charge and choke. BMW's display includes 240 km/h speedo, 7 500 rev-counter (red-lined at 6 500 but governed at 6 200!), a central warning light, a digital clock and warning lights for brake pad wear, brake fluid, handbrake, oil pressure and charge. It has two turn indicator lights.

Heating and ventilation

BMW has sophisticated electronically controlled air-conditioning/ heating system with dial-a-temperature facility and multi-direction distribution controls. Alfa's heating/ventilation system is relatively simple, incorporates powerful heater but barely adequate ventilation system.

Under-bonnet accessibility

Both engine compartments crammed with machinery. These are not cars for ordinary DIY mechanics to tackle.

Control layout and character, gearchange

Both cars have quick shifts but Alfa's requires knowing and BMW has unusual gate pattern. BMW has heavy competition clutch but Alfa's twin-plate clutch is reasonably light. BMW's power assisted steering provides effortless low speed control — when Alfa's wheel becomes rather heavy. Alfa has three stalk controls, BMW two. Alfa's steering column adjustable for angle BMW's for length.

Handling and ride Both cars are precise and safe at high speed but BMW's enormous power can break out rear end relatively easily and the car requires experienced handling. Alfa is noisier, has harder ride but provides fantastic mechanical feed-back and "feel" which is rewarding to the enthusiast.

Petrol tank/cap

Alfa has lockable petrol cap, BMW's petrol flap is governed by central locking system.

Horns

Both cars have powerful twin horns — BMW's operated by pads in steering wheel, Alfa's by central button.

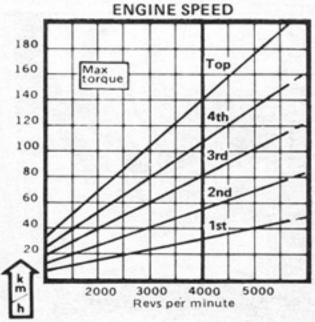
Lights

Both cars have powerful twin halogen headlights. BMW also equipped with front and rear foglights.

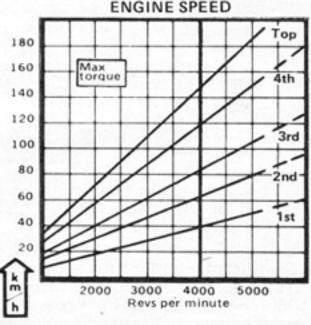
Guarantees and service intervals

Alfa warranty covers two years or 100 000 km on engine, gearbox and differential, two years on paintwork (fade or rust) and one year on other mechanical parts. BMW warranty covers 12 months or unlimited distance, with six years rust warranty.





Above: engine speed graph of the Alfa GTV6 (top pic). Below: engine speed graph of the BMW 535i.





535i driver would want to practicality. watch, even if it didn't dampen his exuberance!

be steered with relaxed preci- motor and suspension feel rela- movements. sion. The M1 racing wheel is tively remote - an impression

cleverly co-ordinated fascia is vital gauges and we'd prefer power assisted steering. the fuel consumption indica- the standard steering wheel

So if price is little object spend time on!

out of place in the restyled, nice to handle but obscures that is heightened by the and you want a truly fast car, one of these should prove The competition clutch is your ultimate. If you've a tor: surely the last thing a (available as an option) for its firm and deep and the short, tribe to lug around or you stubby gear lever has a short cover a fair distance on dirt, The motor is smoother and but deliberate action that re- the BMW has practical advanquieter than the Alfa's and the quires a firm throw for peak tages, even if its character The ride is just a trace superlative performance is deli- performance. The gate is unu- and equipment have no firmer than other 5 Series vered with Teutonic efficiency, sual, with reverse forward and decisive appeal. As we said cars and pays off at really rather than passion. The me- to the left, almost opposite at the beginning, we don't high speeds, when the car re- chanical refinement tends to first, making 2/3 and 4/5 see them as alternatives so mains rock steady and can isolate the driver, making both available in lightning-straight much as divergent ideals. But if they were, what a choice to

CDECIEIC ATIONS

Alfa GTV 6 - R23 500

| SPECIFICATIONS | | | 57V 6 — R23 50 535i — R27 500 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| lake | | ALFA ROMEO GTV6 | BMV 535 |
| ERFORMANCE FACTORS: | Compression ratio | 0.0 to 1 | 9.3 to |
| ower/mass (W/kg) net | Compression ratio | .9,0 to 1 | 9,5 10 |
| rontal area (m²) | Valve gear | | o-h-v, single o-h- |
| rontal area (m-) | | (per bank) | |
| (m/h per 1 000 r/min (top)35,6 | Main bearings | .four | seve |
| NTERIOR NOISE LEVELS: | Fuel requirement | 98-octane (Coast) | 98-octane (Coast |
| dling | r der regarieriterit | 93-octane (Reef) | 93-octane (Ree |
| 0 km/h | | | |
| 0 km/h | Cooling | .water | · · · · · · · · · wate |
| 00 km/h | ENGINE OUTPUT: | | |
| (Measured in decibels, "A" weighting, averaging runs both ways on | Max power I,S,O, (kW) | 110 | 16 |
| | | | |
| level road with car closed.) | Power peak (r/min) | .5 600 | 5 20 |
| ACCELERATION FROM REST (seconds): | Max usable r/min | | |
| -60 (km/h) | Max torque (N,m), | .213 | 31 |
| -80 (km/h) | Torque peak (r/min) | .4 000 | 4 00 |
| l-100 (km/h) | TRANSMISSION: | | |
| km sprint | Forward speeds | five | fin |
| km sprint | Gearshift | accepte | consol |
| OVERTAKING ACCELERATION: | Gearshitt | .console | 2.717. |
| 3rd 4th Top 3rd 4th Top | Low gear | .3,50 to 1 | 3,/1/to |
| 0-60 (km/h) | 2nd gear | .1,956 to 1 | 2,403 to |
| i0-80 (km/h) 3,4 4,8 6,6 2,4 3,8 5,4 | 3rd gear | .1,345 to 1 | 1,766 to |
| 00-100 (km/h)3,4 5,0 6,82,3 3,9 5,4 | 4th gear | | |
| (Measured in seconds, to true speeds, averaging runs both ways on a | Top gear | 0.780 to 1 | dire |
| (Measured in seconds, to true speeds, averaging runs both ways of a | Reverse gear | 2,000 to 1 | A 222 to |
| evel road, car carrying test crew of two and standard test equipment.) | | | |
| MAXIMUM SPEED (km/h): | Final drive | | |
| True speed | | (3,198 overall) | |
| Speedometer reading | Drive wheels | rear | re |
| Calibration: | WHEELS AND TYRES: | | |
| | Road wheels | allow sports | allow spor |
| ndicated: | | | |
| ide apecd | Rim width | .0,0 J | |
| FUEL CONSUMPTION (litres/100 km): | Tyres | | |
| 60 | | radials | radia |
| 30 | BRAKES: | | |
| 00 | Front | 265 mm vented | 280 mm vente |
| (Stated in litres per 100 kilometres, based on fuel economy figures | | discs | |
| | Rear | | |
| ecorded at true speeds.) | | | |
| FUEL CONSUMPTION (OVERALL): | Hydraulics | | |
| Overall | | lock at rear, | |
| (Recorded over two laps of a 49 km varied road circuit with the two | | vacuum servo | vacuum serv |
| ars travelling closely together and with one mid-point driver change.) | Handbrake position | between seats | between sea |
| BRAKING TEST (From 100 km/h): | STEERING: | | |
| Best stop | Type | rack and pinion | ZE variable rat |
| Norst stop | 1 Abc | nack and pinton | power-assiste |
| | Last as last | 25 | |
| Average | Lock to lock | .3,5 turns | 4,6 turi |
| (Measured in seconds with ten stops from true speeds at 30-second | Turning circle | .10,1 metres | 11,1 metr |
| ntervals on a good bitumenised surface.) | MEASUREMENTS: | | |
| GRADIENTS IN GEARS: | Length overall | 4 260 mm | 4 620 m |
| Low gear | Width overall | 1 664 mm | 1 690 m |
| 2nd gear | Height overall | 1 330 mm | 1 425 00 |
| and gear | | | |
| 3rd gear | Wheelbase | | |
| th gear | Front track | .1 373 mm | 1 422 m |
| Top gear | Rear track | .1 352 mm | 1 460 m |
| (Tabulated from Tapley (x gravity) readings, car carrying test crew | Ground clearance | ,122 mm | 140 m |
| of two and standard test equipment.) | Licensing mass, | | |
| GEARED SPEEDS (km/h): | SUSPENSION: | 2.0 ng | |
| SEARED SPEEDS (KM/n): | Front | indonestant terrine | Indonesday |
| Low gear | Front | | |
| 2nd gear | | bars, stabiliser bar | coil stru |
| 3rd gear | | | stabiliser bar, g |
| Ath gear | | | shoc |
| 900 | Rear | De Dion triangulated | independe |
| Top goar 200 | | | |
| Fop gear | | axle, coils, anti-sway . | |
| (Calculated at engine power peak - 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and | | bars, Watt's linkage | |
| (Calculated at engine power peak - 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and | | | anabilians by |
| (Calculated at engine power peak — 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: | | | stabiliser ba |
| (Calculated at engine power peak — 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: | | | |
| 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: Cylinders | CAPACITIES: | | gas shoc |
| (Calculated at engine power peak — 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: Cylinders | CAPACITIES: | | gas shoc |
| (Calculated at engine power peak — 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: Cylinders | CAPACITIES: Seating | .2+2 | gas shoc |
| (Calculated at engine power peak — 5 600 r/min for the Alfa and 5 200 r/min for the BMW.) ENGINE: Cylinders | CAPACITIES: | .2+2 | 70 litr |